Marco Bernardini and Antonio Conti: Announcement and Implementation Effects of Central Bank Asset Purchases

Discussion by Gabor Pinter (BoE)

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The views expressed are those of the author and not necessarily those of the Bank of England or its committees.

Introduction

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 - unifying empirical (VAR) framework on the announcement and implementation effects of QE
 - Quantifying the roles of QE surprises as well as the endogenous QE response to other shocks

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 - unifying empirical (VAR) framework on the announcement and implementation effects of QE
 - Quantifying the roles of QE surprises as well as the endogenous QE response to other shocks
- My comments / first reactions:
 - simple, yet important paper with great implications for policy
 - implementation effects are non-trivial important result!

What the paper does

• VAR(6) model at daily frequency (2014-2021):

Announcement _t		Announcement _{t-1}]
ImpFlows _t		$ImpFlows_{t-1}$	
Yield Slope _t	$=\Gamma \times$	Yield Slope _{t-1}	$+\cdots+E_t$ (0.1)
Yield Spread _t		Yield Spread _{t-1}	
InflationExp _t		InflationExp _{t-1}	
StockPrices _t		StockPrices _{t-1}	

- with the reduced-form residuals E_t are linked to the structural shocks U_t via $E_t = BU_t$
- the columns of *B* are identified by a mix of (narrative) sign restrictions and external IV strategies

What the paper does

External Instrument for Announcement Shocks

Figure 1 – Announced stock of purchases

(€ bln)



Announcement and Implementation Effects

What the paper does

External Instrument for Implementation Shocks

Figure 2 – Implemented purchase flows

(€ bln)



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Announcement and Implementation Effects

What do we learn from this paper?

- implementation shocks could be sizeable \rightarrow they could be as important as announcement shocks (e.g. March 2020)
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 - $\bullet \to QE$ policies cannot be assessed on the basis of purchases announcements alone!
- announcement shocks have much more persistent effects than implementation shocks
- both implementation flows and announcements have a sizeable endogenous component (driven by macro and financial shocks, especially in longer-horizons)

Question/Comment I: On the Empirical Design

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- Variables in the VAR
 - term premium vs expectations? (easy to add a decomposition, e.g. ACM (2013))
 - what are real economy effects? (perhaps try industry portfolio returns)
 - inflation expectations measured by inflation swap rates? (Market may be highly segmented)

Question/Comment II: Are Asset Purchases Largely Endogenous?



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• Non-AP shocks explain around "60% over 5 years"

• With 14 announcements and 7 years of time-series this may be difficult to estimate

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Announcement and Implementation Effects

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- How do central bank desks actually trade?
 - could you use the ECB's transaction-level data on government bond markets?
 - how do primary dealers and clients trade around the implementation shock? Maybe the price effects really depend on who the central bank buys from (e.g Koijen-Yogo, 2019; Eren-Schrimpf-Xia, 2023)

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- How do the shocks propagate across the yield curve? (e.g. trace out the effects across different maturities (Nakamura-Steinsson, 2018))
- With trade-level data, you could exploit cross-bond variation
 - if bonds (of similar maturities) are differentially affected by the implementation shocks, how do their prices react?

Conclusion

 Very important paper at the intersection of monetary economics and market operations!